

Programme: D.El.Ed. Programme
Course Code 501-Elementary Education in India : A socio-cultural perspective

Max. Marks:70

Duration: 3 Hrs

Section –A

There are 10 multiple choice questions in this section. All are compulsory

Multiple Choice Questions :—

2x10 = 20

1. The policy of the ‘Down ward filtration theory’ was prepared by
 - A. Wood’s despatch
 - B. Lord Macaulay
 - C. Hunder Commission
 - D. Sadler Commission

2. The Government of India established National Council of Educational Research and Training (NCERT) in the year—
 - A. 1951
 - B. 1961
 - C. 1971
 - D. 1981

3. Which article of the constitution includes 10 fundamental duties of citizens?
 - A. Article 45
 - B. Article 21
 - C. Article 51A
 - D. Article 21A

4. Elementary Education in India is —
 - A. From class I to class X
 - B. From class I to class V
 - C. From class I to class VIII
 - D. From class V to class VIII

5. Universalisation of Elementary Education with free and compulsory education was proposed in

- A. NEP 1986 and the plan of Action 1992
 - B. SSA and Knowledge Commission
 - C. Knowledge Commission and the Plan of Action 1992
 - D. Kothari Commission and NEP1986
6. Bridge School model was adopted for—
- A. Special Children
 - B. Rural Children
 - C. Urban Children
 - D. Out of the School Children
7. Full name of the DPEP is
- A. Direct Programme for Education Planning
 - B. District Primary Education Programme
 - C. Distance Programme for Education and Planning
 - D. District Planning for Education Programme
8. Participants of Jomtien Conference re affirmed the right of:
- A. Gender Equality
 - B. Education of Adult
 - C. Every Citizen
 - D. Education HIV/AIDS affected children
9. E-9 counties means—
- A. Electronic countries
 - B. Economical advance countries
 - C. High population countries
 - D. Economical backward countries
10. Right to free and compulsory Education for all children in the age group 6-14 years has given the Article—

- A. 24 of the Indian Constitution
- B. 15 of the Indian Constitution
- C. 26 of the Indian Constitution
- D. 21A of the Indian Constitution

Section-B

Write any six of the following in about 150 words each.

6x5 = 30

- 11. Write down the objectives of SSA
- 12. State the reasons for non-achievement of goals of UEE
- 13. State the major thrust areas for shaping the visions of Jomtien Conference.
- 14. What are the steps for involving community in micro planning process.
- 15. State the rights of the child as declared by the United Nations.
- 16. State the roles and responsibilities of BRCs and CRCs in developing elementary education.
- 17. Why is reflective teaching important in elementary education.
- 18. Why is inclusive education important at elementary education level.
- 19. Write down the salient features of operation blackboard of UEE as stated in NPE 1986.
- 20. State the main features of basic education as given in Wardha scheme of 1937.

Section – C

Write any two of the followings in about 500 words each :

2x10=20

- 21. Analyse the state of education of minority children in your state.
- 22. Write down the impact of DPEP on elementary education in your state.
- 23. Which of the qualities of the ancient Guru would you like to practice as a professional teacher — Give three reasons and explain them.
- 24. What are the advantages of inclusive education and discuss what steps have been taken up by your state in this regard.

Scoring Key :

1. B

2. B

3. C

4. C

5. A

6. D

7. B

8. C

9. C

10. D

Course Code 502: Pedagogic Processes in Elementary Schools

Max. Marks: 70

Duration: 3 Hrs

Section –A

There are 10 multiple choice questions in this section. All are compulsory.

Multiple Choice Questions

2x10 = 20

1. The concept of operant behaviour was suggested by:
 - A. Thorndike
 - B. Pavlov
 - C. Vygotsky
 - D. Skinner
2. Minimum levels of learning (MLL) were the follow up of the recommendations of:
 - A. National Education Policy 1968
 - B. National Education Policy 1986
 - C. Secondary Education Commission 1956
 - D. National Knowledge Commission
3. Which of the following is not a stage of discovery method?
 - A. Identification of a problem
 - B. Experimentation
 - C. Engagement
 - D. Evaluation
4. Which of the following is not a discipline related problem in the classroom?
 - A. Sharing
 - B. Clowning
 - C. Truancy
 - D. Disobedience
5. Which of the following is an on-projected teaching aid?
 - A. Epidiascope
 - B. MagicLantern
 - C. O.H.P.
 - D. Specimens
6. What do we plan in a unit plan?
 - A. Sequencing of activities in a lesson
 - B. Identification of teaching points
 - C. Distribution of a unit into sub units
 - D. Formulation of test item for a topic
7. Trans disciplinary integration means:
 - A. Integrating different subject areas
 - B. Integrating among the subject areas

- C. Integrating beyond the subject areas
- D. Integrating within the subject area

8. Which article of the Constitution seeks to provide facilities for instruction in mother tongue at primary stage?
- A. Article 350 (A)
 - B. Article 29
 - C. Article 21 (A)
 - D. Article 45
9. Value judgment is an important characteristic of:
- A. Assessment
 - B. Measurement
 - C. Testing
 - D. Evaluation
10. Which of the following is a quantitative assessment tool?
- A. Interview Schedule
 - B. Questionnaire
 - C. Observation Schedule
 - D. Portfolio

Section- B

Write any six of the following in about 150 words each.

6x5 = 30

11. Discuss the importance of reporting the learners performance to parents.
12. How will you integrate the content within the subject area? Explain with the help of example.
13. Discuss various preparatory activities you will undertake while planning the lesson.
14. How will you encourage discovery learning in your classroom?
15. Discuss the types of intelligence elaborated by Gardner.
16. Discuss the importance of learning beyond textbooks at primary level.
17. What are the common issues of girls' education in school?
18. Explain Internet based learning.
19. Discuss important features of Continuous Comprehensive Evaluation.
20. How will you use case study a technique of assessment?

Section-C

Write any two of the followings in about 500 words each :

2×10=20

21. Explain the need of teaching-learning material for facilitating learning. Discuss important characteristics of a good teaching learning material with suitable examples.
22. What are the specific stages of cognitive development suggested by Piaget? Discuss role of various concepts and processes in learning, as suggested by Piaget.
23. What are the common issues related to education of children of linguistic minority groups? Suggest the steps to be taken at school level for facilitating education of such children.
24. Identify a topic of your choice and make a specification table for construction of a unit test of 20 marks. Construct 5 objective type and 5 short answer type questions as per the specification table.

Answer Key for Q. No. 1-10

1. D
2. B
3. C
4. A
5. D
6. C
7. C
8. A
9. D
10. B

Course Code 503: Learning Languages at Elementary Level

Max. Marks:70

Duration: 3 Hrs

Section –A

There are 10 multiple choice questions in this section. All are compulsory.

Multiple Choice Questions

2x10 = 20

1. India is called as acountry.
 - a) Multilingual
 - b) Bilingual
 - c) Monolingual
 - d) None

2. How many language families are there in India?
 - a) 3
 - b) 4
 - c) 5
 - d) 6

3. Which language is not a part of Indo Aryan family of language?
 - a) Hindi
 - b) Munda
 - c) Urdu
 - d) Sanskrit

4. Which part of the constitution contains provisions related to language?
 - a) 17
 - b) 18
 - c) 19
 - d) 20

5. How many languages are mentioned in 8th schedule of the constitution now?
 - a) 14
 - b) 18
 - c) 20
 - d) 22

6. What is the most important for linguists?
 - a) Words and sentences
 - b) Sound system and sentence
 - c) Dictionary and Grammar

- d) Sound system and grammar
7. How many form a noun can have in Hindi?
a) Five
b) Three
c) Two
d) Six
8. In how many hemispheres in the human brain divided?
a) One
b) Two
c) Three
d) Four
9. At which stage where children's mistake' are caused by both over generalization and under generalization?
a) Cooing
b) Babbling
c) One word stage
d) Two word stage
10. Which factor is responsible for the speech of a child got severely affected because of accident.....
a) Left side of brain damaged
b) Right side of brain damaged
c) Lack of rich environment
d) Not given practice

Section- B

Write any six of the following in about 150 words each.

6x5 = 30

11. Environment plays an important role in language acquisition. How?
12. How does a child acquire proficiency in her home language? How it can be measured?
13. Write the important factor for second language acquisition.
14. How language is different from dialect?
15. How Hindi is developed as a language of literature?
16. Express your views on multilingual aspect focused in NCF-2005.
17. It is necessary for a teacher to provide the child opportunity to speak. Why?
18. Creativity in children can be developed with the help of storytelling. How?
19. Explain with suitable examples, the demerits of the present method of teaching reading?

20. Write in brief the basic difference between the language of literature and language of day today communication.

Section-C

Write any two of the followings in about 500 words each:

2×10=20

21. English in India is a global language in a multilingual country. Do you agree/disagree with the statement? Why?
22. Write the type of activities that can be organized in your school to generate interest among children for their mother tongue.
23. Explain with logical arguments, how the first language of a child does not interfere in the learning of second language?
24. Method of language-teaching has been influenced by variety of factors. Suggest the type of method that can be best adopted in your school?

MCQ- ANSWER KEY

- i. **India is called as acountry.**
a) *Multilingual*
- ii. **How many language families are there in India?**
b) *4*
- iii. **Which language is not a part of Indo Aryan family of language?**
b) *Munda*
- iv. **Which part of the constitution contains provisions related to language?**
a) *17*
- v. **How many languages are mentioned in 8th schedule of the constitution now?**
d) *22*
- vi. **What is the most important for linguists?**
c) *Dictionary and Grammar*
- vii. **How many form a noun can have in Hindi?**
d) *six*
- viii. **In how many hemispheres in the human brain divided?**
b) *Two*

- ix. At which stage where children's mistake' are caused by both over generalization and under generalization?**
c) *One word stage*
- x. Which factor is responsible for the speech of a child got severely affected because of accident.....**
a) *Left side of brain damaged*